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**Title:** Overweight is related to small airway function assessed by impulse oscillometry system (IOS) in asthmatic patients with normal spirometry

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**Body:** Background: The role of elevated BMI in asthma is controversial. Objectives: To investigate the relationship between overweight (BMI > 25 < 30 kg/m²) and total, proximal and peripheral airway resistance, by means of IOS in asthmatic patients as compared to controls. Methods: In 62 asthmatics (35 F; age 42 yr  $\pm$  15) with normal spirometry (FEV1/FVC $\geq$ 70% and FEV1 $\geq$ 80%) and BMI < 30 kg/m² and 38 healthy subjects (22 F; age yr 36  $\pm$  12), respiratory resistance at 5 and 20 Hz and the fall in resistance from 5 to 20 Hz (R5, R20 and R5-R20, in kPa s I-1) were measured as indices of total, proximal and peripheral airway resistance, respectively. Results: In all subjects and in asthmatic patients and healthy controls, when separately assessed, BMI was significantly related (p<0.01) to R5-R20, but not to R5 and R20 values. Moreover, R5-R20 values, but not R5 and R20 values were significantly higher (p<0.05) in overweight as compared to normal weight (BMI > 20  $\leq$  25 kg/m²) asthmatic and healthy subjects. Conclusions: This study shows that overweight is strictly associated to small airway dysfunction both in asthma and in normal people. IOS may add further information to spirometry in asthma.