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Title: Impact and management of TB childhood outbreaks in EU/EEA

Giovanni Battista 3596 Migliori giovannibattista.migliori@fsm.it ¹, Rosella 3597 Centis rosella.centis@fsm.it ¹, Lia 3598 D'Ambrosio lia.dambrosio@fsm.it ¹, Giovanni 3599 Sotgiu gsotgiu@uniss.it ², Bernadette 3600 Bourdin Trunz bbourdin@bluewin.ch ³, Richard 3601 Godfrey rgodfrey78@hotmail.com ⁴, Marina 3602 Tadolini mtadolini@hotmail.com ⁵, Giorgio 3603 Besozzi besozzig@gmail.com ⁶, Andreas 3604 Sandgren andreas.sandgren@ecdc.europa.eu ⁻ and Marieke J. 3621 van der Werf Marieke.vanderWerf@ecdc.europa.eu ⁻ .¹ WHO Collaborating Centre for TB and Lung Diseases, Fondazione S. Maugeri, Care and Research Institute, Tradate, Italy ; ² Epidemiology and Medical Statistics Unit, Department of Biomedical Sciences, University of Sassari, Sassari, Italy ; ³ Public Health Consultant, Tuberculosis Area, Geneva, Switzerland ; ⁴ Senior TB and HIV Consultant, Dashwood, United Kingdom ; ⁵ Global Fund Technical Review Panel Member, World Health Organization Consultant, Italy ; ⁶ AIPO Ricerche, Milan, Italy and ⁻ TB Programme, European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC), Stockholm, Sweden .

Body: Most tuberculosis (TB) surveillance systems of the European Union/European Economic Area (EU/EEA) Member States (MS) do not provide information on whether TB cases are identified during outbreak investigations. Therefore there is a lack of information on the impact of outbreaks on the national burden of TB disease and latent TB infection (LTBI) among children. The aim of the study was to estimate the impact of TB outbreaks affecting children on the overall epidemiology in the EU/EEA and to assess public health policies and practices for outbreak management. A questionnaire was administered by ECDC (European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control) to 30 EU/EEA MS. Information was collected on the characteristics of childhood TB outbreaks (2004-2011), criteria and triggers for initiation of outbreak investigations, and policy documents on outbreak management. The questionnaire was complemented by interviews to identify best practices for management of childhood TB outbreaks. Of the 25 responders, 11 had decentralised outbreak management, while 9 had the Ministry of Health involved, particularly on communication issues. Information on outbreaks was available in 15 MS, 5 MS had no outbreaks; only 3 MS had reporting systems for LTBI. In the 11 MS with information, 580 paediatric outbreaks contributed 334 (6%) TB cases to the total of 5578 TB cases and 200 (29.3%) LTBI cases to the total of 683 LTBI cases. Although most MS had guidelines on outbreak management, specific recommendations for outbreaks affecting children were not always available. Practises for outbreak management varied between MS and most MS did not systematically collect information on outbreaks which hampers evaluating existing practises for outbreak management.